





# BRANZ Type Test FH 5159-TT ISSUE 2

**CONE CALORIMETER TEST OF MUROS WALL PANELS** 

#### **CLIENT**

Muros International Limited Suite 9, 349 Remuera Road Remuera Auckland 1050 New Zealand



All tests and procedures reported herein, unless indicated, have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation

BRANZ

REPORT NUMBER:

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REVIEW/EXPIRY DATE

PAGE:

**FH 5159-TT ISSUE 2** 

29 March 2021

29 March 2026

1 of 11

### **TEST SUMMARY**

#### **Objective**

To conduct cone calorimeter testing and reduce the data in accordance with:

- ISO 5660-1:2002
- ISO 5660-2:2002
- AS 5637.1:2015
- AS/NZS 3837:1998

#### **Test sponsor**

Muros International Limited Suite 9, 349 Remuera Road Remuera Auckland 1050 New Zealand

#### **Description of test specimen**

The product as described by the client as Muros FR Wall Panel.

#### **Date of tests**

Initial testing: 26 July 2013 Additional test: 2 July 2020

## **LIMITATION**

The results reported here relate only to the item/s tested.

## **TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

This report is issued in accordance with the Terms and Conditions as detailed and agreed in the BRANZ Services Agreement for this work.





#### TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

Both NATA (National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia) and IANZ (International Accreditation New Zealand) are signatories to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement. Under the terms of this arrangement, each signatory:

- recognises within its scope of recognition of this Arrangement the accreditation of an organisation by other signatories as being equivalent to an accreditation by its own organisation,
- (ii) accepts, for its own purposes, endorsed\* certificates or reports issued by organisations accredited by other signatories on the same basis as it accepts endorsed\* certificates or reports issued by its own accredited organisations,
- (iii) recommends and promotes the acceptance by users in its economy of endorsed\* certificates and reports,
  - \* The word "endorsed" means a certificate or report bearing an Arrangement signatory's accreditation symbol (or mark) preferably combined with the ILAC-MRA Mark.

Signed:

Jennifer Evans NATA CEO

Date: 24 Murch 2014

Dr Llewellyn Richards IANZ CEO

Date: 24th March 2014

## **CONTENTS**

SIGN	NATORI	[ES	5				
DOC	UMENT	REVISION STATUS	5				
1.	GEN	GENERAL					
	1.1	Sample measurements	6				
2.	EXPI	ERIMENTAL PROCEDURE	7				
	2.1	Test standard	7				
	2.2	Test date	7				
	2.3	Specimen conditioning	7				
	2.4	Specimen wrapping and preparation	7				
	2.5	Test programme	7				
	2.6	Specimen selection	7				
3.	TEST	F RESULTS AND REDUCED DATA	8				
	3.1	Test results and reduced data – ISO 5660	8				
	3.2	Test results and reduced data – AS/NZS 3837	9				
	3.3	Test variability	10				
4.	SUM	MARY	10				
FIG	URE	S					
F:	. 1. Dam	vecentative energines (front force on left, book force on right)	_				
-	-	resentative specimen (front face on left, back face on right)					
_		of heat release versus time (replicates)					
rigure	J. Nate	of fleat release versus time (maleauve)					
TAI	BLES						
Table	1: Physi	cal parameters	6				
	-	results and reduced data – ISO 5660					
		esults and reduced data – AS/NZS 3837					
		ative test results and reduced data – ISO 5660					
Table	5: Heat	release rate	10				
Table	6: Repor	rt summary	10				

## **SIGNATORIES**

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## **DOCUMENT REVISION STATUS**

ISSUE NO.	DATE ISSUED	EXPIRY DATE	DESCRIPTION
			Additional specimen tested
2	29 March 2021	29 March 2026	Report revalidated for an additional 5 years
1	12 May 2014	12 May 2019	Initial issue

## 1. GENERAL

The product submitted for testing was identified by the client as Muros Concrete (FR) wall panel, a decorative fibreglass-based panel comprising of a base of natural and mineral pigments and mixed with polyester resin and fibreglass. Indicative testing was also completed on Muros Brick wall panel, of the same construction. Figure 1 illustrates a representative specimen of that tested.

Figure 1: Representative specimen (front face on left, back face on right)



#### **1.1 Sample measurements**

The following physical parameters were measured for each specimen prior to testing.

**Table 1: Physical parameters** 

	Initial p	properties	Overall		
Specimen ID	Mass (g)	Mean thickness (mm)	apparent density (kg/m³)	Date of Test	
FH5159-FR-50-1	93.2	6.0	1553	26/7/2013	
FH5159-FR-50-2	87.2	5.0	1744	26/7/2013	
FH5159-FR-50-3	97.8	6.0	1630	26/7/2013	
FH12944-1-50-1	45.7	4.2	1080	2/7/2020	

Shaded rows – replicate testing used to determine the group number.

## 2. EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

#### 2.1 Test standard

The tests were carried out and data reduced according to the test procedures described in ISO 5660: (2002), Reaction-to-fire tests – Heat release, smoke production and mass loss – Part 1: Heat release rate, and Part 2: Smoke production rate, and AS/NZS 3837:1998 'Method of test for heat and smoke release rates for materials and products using an oxygen consumption calorimeter'; (the test standard). The sample preparation and test procedure were as described in 2.4 and 2.5.

#### 2.2 Test date

The tests were conducted on 26 July 2013 by Mr Lukas Hersche and 2 July 2020 by Mr James Quilter at BRANZ Limited laboratories, Judgeford, New Zealand.

#### 2.3 Specimen conditioning

All specimens were conditioned to moisture equilibrium (constant weight), at a temperature of 23  $\pm$  2°C and a relative humidity of 50  $\pm$  5% immediately prior to testing.

#### 2.4 Specimen wrapping and preparation

All tests were conducted, and the specimens prepared in accordance with the test standard. The spark igniter and the stainless-steel retainer frame were used. All specimens were wrapped in a single layer of aluminium foil, covering the unexposed surfaces.

## 2.5 Test programme

The test program consisted of three replicate specimens and one indicative specimen tested at an irradiance level of 50 kW/m<sup>2</sup>. All tests were carried out with the specimen horizontal, and with a nominal duct flow rate of 0.024 m<sup>3</sup>/s.

## 2.6 Specimen selection

BRANZ was not involved in the selection of the materials submitted for testing. The test materials used were supplied to the laboratory by the client.

## 3. TEST RESULTS AND REDUCED DATA

#### 3.1 Test results and reduced data - ISO 5660

Table 2: Test results and reduced data - ISO 5660

Material		Test specimens as described in Section 1 (in accordance with ISO 5660)			
Specimen test number		FH5159-FR-50-1	FH5159-FR-50-2	FH5159-FR-50-3	
Time to sustained flaming	S	37	34	30	34
Observations <sup>a</sup>		-	-	-	
Test duration <sup>b</sup>	S	1837**	1834**	1830**	1834
Mass remaining, m <sub>f</sub>	g	56.5	52.1	59.8	56.1
Mass pyrolyzed	%	39.3%	40.3%	38.9%	39.5%
Specimen mass loss <sup>c</sup>	kg/m²	4.1	3.9	4.3	4.1
Specimen mass loss rate <sup>c</sup>	g/m².s	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.3
Heat release rate					
peak, $\dot{q}_{ ext{max}}''$	kW/m²	294.2	281.9	268.2	281.4
average, $\dot{q}_{\mathit{avg}}^{\prime\prime}$					
Over 60 s from ignition	kW/m²	150.0	156.4	153.3	153.2
Over 180 s from ignition	kW/m²	210.1	226.7	198.3	211.7
Over 300 s from ignition	kW/m²	226.0	212.0	220.6	219.5
Total heat released	MJ/m <sup>2</sup>	85.8	83.2	96.8	88.6
Average Specific Extinction Area	m²/kg	924.3	916.0	924.8	921.7
Effective heat of combustiond, $\Delta h_{c,e\!f\!f}$	MJ/kg	20.7	20.9	22.5	21.4

#### Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> no significant observations were recorded

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm b}$  determined by  $^{*}$   $\chi_{\rm 02}$  returning to the pre-test value within 100 ppm of oxygen concentration for 10 minutes

<sup>\*\* 30</sup> minutes after time to sustained flaming or without ignition

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> from ignition to end of test;

d from the start of the test

## 3.2 Test results and reduced data - AS/NZS 3837

#### Table 3 Test results and reduced data - AS/NZS 3837

Material		Test specimens as described in Section 1 (in accordance with AS/NZS 3837)			
Specimen test number		FH5159-FR-50-1	FH5159-FR-50-2	FH5159-FR-50-3	
Time to sustained flaming	S	37	34	30	34
Observations <sup>a</sup>		-	-	-	
Test duration <sup>b</sup>	S	697**	845**	1228**	923
Mass remaining, m <sub>f</sub>	g	60.3	54.3	61.0	58.5
Mass pyrolyzed	%	35.3%	37.7%	37.6%	36.9%
Specimen mass loss <sup>c</sup>	kg/m²	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.8
Specimen mass loss rate <sup>c</sup>	g/m² .s	10.0	9.8	10.1	10.0
Heat release rate					
peak, $\dot{q}''_{ ext{max}}$	kW/m²	294.2	281.9	268.2	281.4
average, $\dot{q}_{avg}^{\prime\prime}$					
Over 60 s from ignition	kW/m²	150.0	156.4	153.3	153.2
Over 180 s from ignition	kW/m²	210.1	226.7	198.3	211.7
Over 300 s from ignition	kW/m²	226.0	212.0	220.6	219.5
Total heat released	MJ/m <sup>2</sup>	79.0	78.8	93.2	83.7
Average Specific Extinction Area	m²/kg	1024.9	981.9	955.4	987.4
Effective heat of combustion $^{ m d}$ , $^{ m \Delta}\!h_{c,\it{eff}}$	MJ/kg	21.2	21.2	22.4	21.6

#### Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> no significant observations were recorded

b determined by \* average

 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$  average mass loss over 1 minute dropped below 150 g/m $^{2}$ 

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{**}}$  two minutes after flameout or other signs of combustion cease

<sup>\*\*\* 60</sup> minutes have elapsed or 10 minutes without ignition

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> from ignition to end of test;

d from the start of the test

Table 4: Indicative test results and reduced data - ISO 5660

Specimen ID	Irradiance (kW/m²)	Time to Ignition (s)	Peak Heat Release Rate (kW/m <sub>2</sub> )	Total Heat Released (MJ/m²)	Average Specific Extinction Area (m²/kg)
FH5159-FR-50-1	50	37	294.2	85.5	924.3
FH12944-1-50-1	50	30	271.0	39.5	592.9

#### 3.3 Test variability

The test standards require that the mean heat release rate (HRR) readings over the first 180s from ignition for the three specimens should differ by no more than 10% of the arithmetic mean of the three readings. In the event of this criterion not being met, a further three specimens are required to be tested.

Table 5: Heat release rate

Specimen ID	Average HRR over 180s from ignition	Arithmetic mean	% difference from the arithmetic mean
FH5159-FR-50-1	210.1		-0.8%
FH5159-FR-50-2	226.7	211.7	7.1%
FH5159-FR-50-3	198.3		-6.3%

Table 5 identifies that the specimens exposed to 50 kW/m² irradiance meet the acceptance criteria.

## 4. SUMMARY

The report summary for the replicate specimens as described in Section 1, exposed to an irradiance of 50 kW/m<sup>2</sup> is given in Table 5 below with rates of heat release illustrated in Figure 2.

**Table 6: Report summary** 

Mean Specimen thickness (mm)	Irradiance (kW/m²)	Mean Time to Ignition (s)	Mean Peak Heat Release Rate (kW/m²)	Average Specific Extinction Area (m²/kg)
5.7	50	34	281.4	921.7 (ISO) 987.4 (AS)

Figure 2: Rate of heat release versus time (replicates)

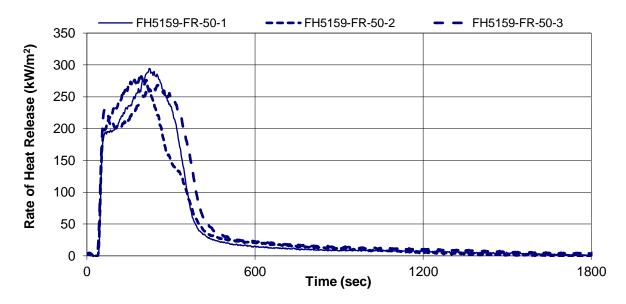
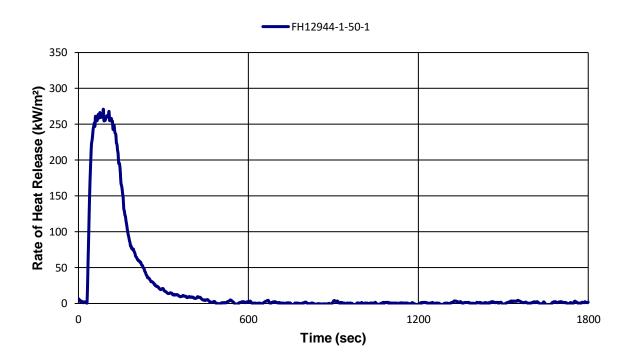


Figure 3: Rate of heat release versus time (indicative)



## FH 5159-TT C1 ISSUE 2 GROUP NUMBER CLASSIFICATION



This is to certify that the specimens described below were tested by BRANZ in accordance with AS/NZS 3837:1998 and ISO 5660:2002 Parts 1 and 2 for determination of Group Number Classification and Average Specific Extinction Area.

**Test Sponsor** 

Date of tests
26 July 2013
2 July 2020

Muros International Limited Suite 9, 349 Remuera Road Remuera Auckland 1050

New Zealand

**Reference BRANZ Test Report** 

FH 5159-TT ISSUE 2 - 29 March 2021

#### Test specimens as described by the client

Muros Concrete (FR) wall panel and Muros Brick wall panel, both are decorative fibreglass-based panels comprising of a base of natural and mineral pigments and mixed with polyester resin and fibreglass.

Specimen Reference	Mass (g)	Thickness (mm)	Apparent Density (kg/m³)	Date of Test	Indicative Group Number
FH5159-FR-50-1	93.2	6.0	1553	26/7/2013	3
FH5159-FR-50-2	87.2	5.0	1744	26/7/2013	3
FH5159-FR-50-3	97.8	6.0	1630	26/7/2013	3
FH12944-1-50-1	45.7	4.2	1080	2/7/2020	3

Shaded row – samples used to determine group number.

#### Group Number Classification in accordance with the New Zealand Building Code

Calculations were carried out according to NZBC Verification Method C/VM2 Appendix A. The classification for the sample as described above is given in the table below.

#### **Group Number Classification in accordance with NCC Australia**

Calculations were carried out according to AS 5637.1:2015. The Group Number Classification and Average Smoke Extinction Area for the sample as described above is given in the table below.

#### **Determination of Fire Hazard Properties**

The specimen was deemed suitable for testing in accordance with AS 5637.1:2015 and testing was performed in accordance with AS 3837 for the purposes of Group Number Classification as specified in the NCC Volume One Specification C1.10 Clause 4.

<b>Building Code Document</b>	Group Number Classification
NZBC Verification Method C/VM2 Appendix A	3
NCC Volume One Specification C1.10 Clause 4 determined in accordance with AS 5637.1:2015	3 The average specific extinction area was <b>greater</b> than the 250 m2/kg limit

**Issued by** 

Reviewed by

J. R. Stallinger Associate Fire Testing

Engineer BRANZ

**Issue Date** 

29 March 2021

E. Soja Senior Fire Safety Engineer IANZ Approved Signatory

**Expiry Date** 29 March 2026

Regulatory authorities are advised to examine test reports before approving any product.



All tests and procedures reported herein, unless indicated, have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation